A BILL FOR AN ACT

To further amend title 32 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia, as amended, by amending section 203, 205, 207, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 216, 217 and 219, in order to make changes to the Foreign Investment Act, and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA:

- Section 1. Section 203 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 2 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law 3 No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:

 "Section 203. Definition. When words defined in this
- "Section 203. <u>Definition</u>. When words defined in this section are used in this chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the following definitions shall govern:
 - (1) 'business entity' means any sole proprietorship, partnership, company, corporation, joint venture, or other association of persons engaging in business;
- 11 (2) 'character criteria' means the criteria

 12 established in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations

 13 pursuant to section 205(3) of this chapter;
- [(2)] (3) 'citizen' means a citizen of the FSM;
- 15 [(3)] (4) 'Department' means the Department of [Resources

 16 and Development] Economic Affairs of the FSM or its

 17 successor;
- [(4)] <u>(5)</u> 'engaging in business' means carrying out any activity relating to the conduct of a business, and shall include the activities enumerated in subsection

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1	$[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ (a) below but shall not include the activities
2	enumerated in subsection $[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ (b) below:
3	(a) 'engaging in business' shall include:
4	(i) buying, selling, leasing, or
5	exchanging goods, products, or property of any kind for
6	commercial purposes;
7	(ii) buying, selling, or exchanging services
8	of any kind for commercial purposes;
9	(iii) conducting negotiations for transactions
10	of the types described in items (i) or (ii) above;
11	provided, however, that negotiations with licensed
12	importers for periods of less than 14 days per calendar
13	year shall not be considered 'engaging in business';
14	(iv) appointing a representative, agent, or
15	distributor by a noncitizen to perform any of the acts
16	described in items (i) through (iii) above, unless said
17	representative, agent, or distributor has an independent
18	status and transacts business in its name for its own
19	account and not in the name of or for the account of any
20	noncitizen principal;
21	(v) maintaining a stock of goods in the FSM
22	for the purpose of having the same processed by another
23	person in the FSM;
24	(vi) establishing or operating a factory,
25	workshop, processing plant, warehouse, or store, whether

1	wholesale or retail;
2	(vii) mining or exploring for minerals, or the
3	commercial exploitation or extraction of other natural
4	resources;
5	(viii) providing services as a management firm
6	or professional consultant in the management,
7	supervision, or control of any business entity; and
8	(ix) providing professional services as an
9	attorney, physician, dentist, engineer, surveyor,
10	accountant, auditor, or other professional providing
11	service for a fee; provided, however, that such a
12	professional shall not be considered to be 'engaging in
13	business' unless he or she, while present in the FSM,
14	performs his or her respective professional services for
15	more than 14 days in any calendar year; [and]
16	[(x) holding at least twenty percent (20%)
17	ownership interest in a business entity;
18	(b) engaging in business shall not include:
19	(i) the publication of general
20	advertisements through newspapers, brochures, or other
21	publications, or through radio or television;
22	(ii) the conducting of scientific research or
23	investigations, if
24	a) the research or investigation is
25	sponsored by a university, college, agency, or

1	institution normally engaged in such activities
2	primarily for purposes other than commercial profit, and
3	b) the particular research or
4	investigation at issue is not for purposes of, or
5	expected to yield, commercial profit;
6	(iii) the collection of information by a bona
7	fide journalist for news publication or broadcast;
8	(iv) maintaining or defending any action or
9	suit, or participating in administrative proceedings,
10	arbitration, or mediation;
11	(v) maintaining bank accounts; [or]
12	(vi) the lawful sale of corporate shares or
13	other interests or holdings in a business entity
14	acquired not for speculation or profit; or
15	(vii) the making of occasional sales as
16	defined by the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations;
17	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ 'foreign investment' means any activity in the
18	FSM by a noncitizen that amounts to 'engaging in
19	business' as defined above;
20	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> 'Foreign Investment Permit' means an FSM
21	Foreign Investment Permit, a State Foreign Investment
22	Permit, or a Pre-Existing Foreign Investment Permit;
23	$\left[\frac{(7)}{(8)}\right]$ 'foreign investor' means a noncitizen who is
24	engaging in business in the FSM, as defined above;
25	[(8)] <u>(9)</u> 'FSM' means the Federated States of

1	Micronesia;
2	[(9)] <u>(10)</u> 'FSM Foreign Investment Permit' means a permit
3	issued by the Secretary in accordance with the
4	provisions of this chapter;
5	[(10)] <u>(11)</u> 'FSM Foreign Investment Regulations' means
6	Regulations promulgated by the Secretary in accordance
7	with the provisions of this chapter;
8	$[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ 'noncitizen' means any person who is not a citizen
9	of the FSM, and any business entity in which any
L 0	ownership interest is held by a person who is not a
L1	citizen of the FSM;
L2	$[\frac{(12)}{(13)}]$ 'ownership interest' in a business entity
L3	means ownership of or control over, [either directly or
L 4	indirectly whether directly, indirectly, legally or
L5	beneficially, some or all of the shares of, property or
L 6	assets of, voting rights in, or rights to profits or
L7	revenue from, that business entity; provided, however,
L8	that:
L 9	(a) ownership interest shall not include a <u>bona</u>
20	fide security interest in real or personal property for
21	the purpose of securing a loan or other obligation; and
22	(b) any interest [held] owned or controlled by
23	the spouse, minor child, or other dependent of a person
24	shall be counted as owned or controlled by that person
25	in determining whether he or she has an ownership

1	interest in a business entity, provided that this
2	subsection shall not apply to a noncitizen spouse who is
3	married to a citizen and who does not hold an ownership
4	interest in his or her own right;
5	$\left[\frac{(13)}{(14)}\right]$ 'person' includes both individuals and legal
6	entities;
7	[(14)] <u>(15)</u> 'Pre-Existing Foreign Investment Permit' means
8	a permit issued by the Secretary or by a State prior to
9	the date on which this act took effect, and which has
10	not expired according to its terms or been suspended or
11	canceled;
12	$\left[\frac{(15)}{(16)}\right]$ 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the
13	Department [of Resources and Development] Economic
14	Affairs of the FSM;
15	$[\frac{(16)}{(17)}]$ 'State' means one of the States of the FSM;
16	[(17)] <u>(18)</u> 'State Foreign Investment Legislation' means
17	legislation enacted and currently effective in one of
18	the States to regulate foreign investment within that
19	State;
20	[(18)] <u>(19)</u> 'State Foreign Investment Permit' means a
21	permit issued by authorized officials within one of the
22	States pursuant to relevant State Foreign Investment
23	Legislation <u>;</u>
24	(20) 'Substantial ownership interest' means an
25	ownership interest in a business entity of at least

1	thirty percent (30%)."
2	Section 2. Section 205 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code
3	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Lav
4	No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:
5	"Section 205. <u>Categories of economic sectors</u> . The
6	following system of Categories of economic sectors is
7	hereby established for the purpose of implementing the
8	policy of the FSM to welcome foreign investment in all
9	sectors of the FSM economy, insofar as such foreign
10	investment is consistent with the economic, social, and
11	cultural well-being of its citizens:
12	(1) Categories for National Regulation economic
13	sectors that are of special national significance and
14	therefore fall within the jurisdiction of the National
15	Government in respect of foreign investment regulation.
16	These Categories are the following:
17	(a) Category A ('National Red List') the set
18	of economic sectors that are closed to foreign
19	investment anywhere in the FSM. Economic sectors in the
20	National Red List are the following:
21	(i) arms manufacture;
22	(ii) the minting of coins or printing of
23	notes for use as currency;
24	(iii) business activities relating to nuclear
25	power or radioactivity; and

1	(iv) such other economic sectors as the
2	Secretary may, after consultation with States pursuant
3	to section 206(2) of this chapter, designate in the FSM
4	Foreign Investment Regulations as being on the National
5	Red List.
6	(b) Category B ('National Amber List') the set
7	of economic sectors that are subject to National
8	Government regulation and as to which certain criteria
9	specified in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations must
10	be met [before a Foreign Investment Permit may be
11	issued]. Economic Sectors on the National Amber List
12	include the following:
13	(i) banking, other than as defined in title
14	29 of the FSM Code; and
15	(ii) [Insurance] <u>insurance</u> ; and
16	(iii) such other economic sectors as the
17	Secretary may, after consultation with States pursuant
18	to section 206(2) of this chapter, designate in the FSM
19	Foreign Investment Regulations as being on the National
20	Amber List.
21	(c) Category C ([national] <u>'National</u> Green List <u>'</u>
22	the set of economic sectors that are subject to
23	National Government regulation but as to which no
24	special criteria need to be met before a Foreign
25	Investment Permit is to be issued. Economic sectors on

1	the National Green List include the following:
2	(i) banking, as defined in title 29
3	of the FSM Code;
4	(ii) telecommunications;
5	(iii) fishing in the FSM's Exclusive
6	Economic Zone;
7	(iv) international and interstate air
8	transport;
9	(v) international shipping; and
LO	(vi) such other economic sectors as
L1	the Secretary may, after consultation with States
L2	pursuant to section 206(2) of this chapter,
L3	designate in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations
L 4	as being on the National Green List.
L5	(2) Categories for State Regulation economic
L 6	sectors that are not of special national
L7	significance and therefore are delegated to the
L8	jurisdiction of the State Governments in respect of
L 9	foreign investment regulation. These Categories
20	are to be established separately by each State, by
21	means of the State Foreign Investment Regulations
22	in each State. An economic sector included in any
23	of the Categories for National Regulation pursuant
24	to subsection (1) above shall not appear in any of
2.5	the Categories for State Regulation. (In the

1	absence of State foreign investment legislation,
2	the National government will continue to regulate
3	foreign investment in that State pursuant to
4	provisions of the FSM Foreign Investment Act
5	superseded by this act.
6	(3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in
7	subsection (1), and regardless of the economic category
8	<pre>involved:</pre>
9	(a) every applicant for or holder of an FSM
10	Foreign Investment Permit may be required to meet such
11	character criteria as may be specified in the FSM
12	Foreign Investment Regulations in order to obtain or
13	retain an FSM Foreign Investment Permit; and
14	(b) every present or future holder of a
15	substantial ownership interest in an applicant for or
16	holder of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit may be
17	required to meet those same character criteria in order
18	to obtain or retain that substantial ownership
19	<pre>interest."</pre>
20	Section 3. Section 207 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code
21	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
22	No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:
23	"Section 207. Application procedures for FSM Foreign
24	<u>Investment Permits</u> .
25	(1) An application for an FSM Foreign Investment

Permit shall be made on the form or forms prescribed in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations, as may be supplemented in particular cases by order of the Secretary. Such application form or forms shall be made publicly available by the Secretary and by responsible authorities in each of the States. The application form shall require the applicant to identify clearly the person(s) resident in the Federated States of Micronesia who are designated as agent for service of process.

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- (2) Submission of an application for an FSM Foreign Investment Permit may be made either (a) to the Secretary or (b) to the responsible authorities in the State in whose territory the foreign investment takes place or is proposed to take place. In the latter case, the responsible State authorities shall forward the application directly to the Secretary.
- (3) Upon receiving an application for an FSM Foreign Investment Permit, the Secretary shall, within such periods of time as may be prescribed for this purpose in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations, take one or more of the following actions, as appropriate:
- (a) determine whether the application relates to a foreign investment in a Category A, Category B, or Category C economic sector;
 - (b) deny the application if;

1 (i) it relates to a foreign investment in a 2. Category A (National Red List) economic sector, or 3 (ii) it relates to a foreign investment in [a 4 Category B (National Amber List) economic sector but is 5 incomplete or does not satisfactorily demonstrate that 6 the investment would meet all of the applicable national 7 criteria established in the FSM Foreign Investment 8 Regulations pursuant to section 206(1)(b) of this 9 chapter] any other Category for National Regulation and 10 does not meet the character criteria for obtaining an FSM Foreign Investment Permit that are established in 11 12 the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations pursuant to 13 section 205(3) of this chapter; 14 (c) forward the application to the responsible State authorities if it relates to a foreign investment 15 in an economic sector other than those designated for 16 17 inclusion in Category A, Category B, or Category C; (d) [F] forward a notification copy of the 18 19 application to the responsible State Authorities if it 20 relates to a Foreign Investment in economic sector 21 categories A, B, or C[-]; 22 (e) require the applicant to submit further 23 information if the application is incomplete or does not 2.4 provide enough information for the Secretary to 25 determine:

1	(i) what economic sector(s) is (are)
2	involved, or
3	(ii) whether the [requirements for an FSM
4	Foreign Investment Permit] character criteria have been
5	[or will be] met[.];
6	[(f) issue an FSM Foreign Investment Permit if:
7	(i) the application
8	a) relates to a foreign investment in
9	a Category B (National Amber List) economic sector;
10	b) is complete; and
11	c) demonstrates that the foreign
12	investment meets all of the applicable national criteria
13	established in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations
14	pursuant to section 206(1)(b) of this chapter; or]
15	(ii) the application is complete and relates
16	to a foreign investment in a Category C (National Green
17	List) economic sector].
18	(f) issue an FSM Foreign Investment Permit
19	<pre>if the application:</pre>
20	(i) is complete;
21	(ii) meets the character criteria; and
22	(iii) relates to a foreign investment in
23	either Category B (National Amber List) or Category C
24	(National Green List) economic sector.
25	(4) Upon taking any action described in paragraph (b),

(e), or (f) of subsection (3) above, the Secretary
shall, within such periods of time as may be prescribed
for this purpose in the FSM Foreign Investment
Regulations, advise the applicant of the action and the
reasons therefor.

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- (5) The nature and amount of the application fee, if any, to be paid by an applicant seeking an FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall be established in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations.
- (6) If the Secretary issues an FSM Foreign Investment Permit pursuant to subsection (3)(f) above, the FSM Foreign Investment Permit will be sent to the applicant, with copies to be (a) inserted into a register to be maintained by the Department for this purpose and (b) sent to the responsible authority in each State, for insertion in a register to be maintained by such authorities for this purpose.
- (7) If the Secretary denies an application for an FSM Foreign Investment Permit pursuant to subsection
 (3) (b) (ii) above, the applicant may (a) resubmit the application with modifications designed to meet the applicable national criteria established in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations pursuant to section 206(1)(d) of this chapter, or (b) provide to the Secretary additional information or explanation to

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1 indicate how, in the applicant's opinion, the foreign 2 investment would satisfy such criteria. On receipt of 3 such modifications or additional information, the 4 Secretary shall review the application and make a 5 determination under the procedures prescribed in 6 subsection (3) above. There is no limit to the number 7 of times an applicant may modify an application in an attempt to satisfy the applicable criteria." 8 9 Section 4. Section 209 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law 10 11 No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 12 "Section 209. Form, fees, [renewal] [duration] 1.3 modification, and cancellation of FSM Foreign Investment 14 Permits. 15 (1) FSM Foreign Investment Permits shall be in the 16 form prescribed in the FSM Foreign Investment 17 Regulations. State Foreign Investment Permits shall be in the form prescribed in State Foreign Investment 18 19 Legislation and State Foreign Investment Regulations. 20 (2) Upon the issuance of an FSM Foreign Investment 21 Permit, the holder shall fulfill the requirements, if 22 any, included in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations 23 for the payment of an annual fee. 2.4 (3) An FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall be valid [for one year, and, unless] until it has been canceled, 25

suspended, or surrendered pursuant to subsections (7)
[(10)] 11 below [, it shall be renewable on an annual

basis upon the fulfillment by the holder of the

requirements, if any, included in the FSM Foreign

Investment Regulations for the payment of an annual

fee].

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- (4) An FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall not be transferable between investments or investors and shall not be assignable to any investment or investor other than the one for which it was issued.
- (5) The holder of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit may not make a change in the business that the holder is engaging in without obtaining either (a) a new FSM Foreign Investment Permit for that purpose under section 207 of this chapter (or, if applicable, a new State Foreign Investment Permit under the relevant State Foreign Investment [Law] Legislation) or (b) a modification in the terms of its FSM Foreign Investment Permit. Such a modification may be requested by the business entity, and granted by the Secretary, in accordance with such procedures and requirements as the Secretary shall establish in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations. However, no such modification is necessary if an existing business entity for which an FSM Foreign Investment Permit has been issued is expanded, without

1 any change in [either (a)] the business it is engaging 2. in [or (b) the degree of interest held by any noncitizen 3 in that business entity]. 4 (6) For purposes of subsection (5) above, a 'change in 5 the business' a person is engaging in occurs if that 6 person begins operations in a different economic sector 7 from the one(s) for which the FSM Foreign Investment Permit was issued. 8 9 (7) The Secretary may cancel an FSM Foreign Investment 10 Permit only if the Secretary determines, following the 11 procedural requirements of subsection (9) below, that 12 one or more of the following circumstances exist: (a) the annual fee, if any, required under either 13 14 subsection (2) or subsection (3) above has not been 15 paid; 16 (b) the holder of the Permit requests its 17 cancellation; (c) the permit application is found to have 18 19 contained false or fraudulent information; 20 (d) the holder of the Permit bribed or otherwise 21 exercised, or attempted to exercise, undue influence on

(e) the holder of the Permit fails or refuses to comply with the reporting requirements under section 213 of this chapter or with any other requirements of this

the decision to issue the Permit;

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1 chapter or of the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations; 2 (f) the holder of the Permit fails or refuses to 3 comply with any restrictions or conditions included in 4 the Permit, or engages in activities not authorized by 5 the Permit: (q) [the holder fails to comply with any 6 applicable State or National laws | a substantial ownership interest in the holder is owned by a 8 9 noncitizen who does not meet the character criteria 10 established pursuant to section 205(3) of this chapter. 11 (8) If an FSM Foreign Investment Permit is canceled 12 pursuant to subsection (7) above, the noncitizen holding that canceled Permit shall: 13 14 (a) immediately stop engaging in business in the 15 FSM; 16 (b) take such steps as the Secretary shall direct in order to dispose of that noncitizen's interest in any 17 applicable business entity; and 18 19 (c) pay any fines or other penalties that may be 20 imposed under section 220 of this chapter. 21 (9) If it appears to the Secretary that one or more of the grounds for cancellation of an FSM Foreign 22 23 Investment Permit, as enumerated in subsection (7) 2.4 above, may exist, the Secretary may temporarily suspend

the validity of that FSM Foreign Investment Permit and

shall commence the following procedures leading to cancellation:

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- (a) The Secretary or his designee may schedule a hearing on the matter before the Secretary or his designee. At least 21 days' written notice of the hearing shall be given to the holder or registered agent of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit or the holder's registered agent, stating the alleged grounds for cancellation. If during that time the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit takes action satisfactory to the Secretary to disprove the allegations or otherwise remedy the situation, the Secretary may cancel the hearing and reinstate the FSM Foreign Investment Permit if it was temporarily suspended.
- (b) Hearing procedures shall be prescribed by the Secretary in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations and shall include the right of the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit to participate and to be represented by counsel, to call witnesses, and to cross-examine witnesses called against the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit.
- (c) Within ten days after a hearing, the Secretary shall issue a written decision including reasons for the action taken and the remedy to be imposed pursuant to subsection (8) above, and shall

transmit that decision immediately to the holder of the
Investment Permit.

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- (d) If a decision has not been issued pursuant to subsection (9)(c) above within the ten days specified, any temporary suspension ordered by the Secretary shall automatically end, and the validity of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall automatically be reinstated.
- (e) Within 20 days after receiving the notice of the decision of the Secretary, the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit may appeal the decision to the Supreme Court of the FSM. Copies of any notice of appeal shall be served on the Secretary and the [Attorney General] FSM Secretary of Justice.
- (10) If an FSM Foreign Investment Permit is suspended pursuant to this chapter, the noncitizen holding that suspended permit shall immediately stop engaging in business in the FSM and refrain from resuming the business unless and until the FSM Foreign Investment Permit is reinstated.
- [(10)] (11) A holder of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit may surrender it by meeting requirements specified for this purpose in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations.

 Mere cessation of engaging in business in the FSM, without meeting such requirements, does not relieve the holder of an FSM Foreign Permit from the requirements

incident thereto."

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Section 5. Section 210 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 3 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law 4 No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 210. <u>Expatriate Worker Authorizations.</u>

- (1) A business entity as to which either have an FSM Foreign Investment Permit or a State Foreign Investment Permit has been issued shall be entitled automatically to an expatriate worker authorization ('EWA') for one expatriate senior management position.
- either an FSM Foreign Investment Permit or a State Foreign Investment Permit has been issued meets the applicable criteria established for this purpose in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations, the holder of such Permit shall be entitled automatically to one or more additional EWAs for expatriate senior management positions.
- (3) An EWA that is automatically allocated under either subsection (1) or (2) above shall remain valid during the entire period that the corresponding Foreign Investment Permit remains valid [, including during the period of any renewal as provided for in section 209 of this chapter]. However, the criteria to be established

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1 pursuant to subsection (2) above may provide that, 2 notwithstanding the continued validity of an EWA, a new 3 or renewal entry permit requested under that EWA may be 4 denied and the existing entry permit issued under that EWA may be canceled during any period when those 5 6 criteria are not being met. 7 (4) The holder of a Foreign Investment Permit may 8 apply for additional EWAs to be allocated to the 9 relevant business entity, beyond those automatically 10 allocated under either subsection (1) or paragraph (2) 11 above, if a suitably qualified and experienced citizen 12 is not available, The procedures for applying for such additional EWAs shall be established in the FSM Foreign 1.3 14 Investment Regulations. $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$ (4) The holder of a Foreign Investment permit may 15 16 apply for additional expatriate workers pursuant to title 51 of the FSM Code." 17 Section 6. Section 211 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 18 19 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 20 21 "Section 211. Issuance of entry permits. 22 (1) The holder of a Foreign Investment Permit may, 23 upon the allocation of an EWA to the relevant business 2.4 entity, submit to the immigration authorities an 25 application for an entry permit for a nominee to fill

1 the position to which the EWA applies.

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- (2) If the immigration authorities approve an application for an entry permit applied for under subsection (1) above, the immigration authorities shall issue such permit upon the payment of a fee in such an amount and under such procedures as may be established for this purpose by the immigration authorities.
- (3) The immigration authorities shall issue an entry permit for a nominee to fill a position to which an EWA applies except in cases of (a) criminal character or (b) medical risk to the nation or the nominee, as set forth in pertinent regulations issued by the immigration authorities. If the immigration authorities deny an application for an entry permit for a nominee to fill a position to which an EWA applies, the immigration authorities shall so advise the holder of the Foreign Investment Permit and shall give reasons for the denial. In such a case of denial, the holder of the Foreign Investment Permit may (a) request the immigration authorities to review the application after submission of additional information on the nominee, or (b) apply for an entry permit nominating a different person to fill the position.
- (4) If, for whatever reason, a position to which an EWA applies is or becomes vacant during the period of

1	validity of that EWA, the holder of the relevant Foreign
2	Investment Permit may apply to the immigration
3	authorities for an entry permit for a nominee to fill
4	the vacant position.
5	(5) In addition to entry permits issued pursuant to
6	EWAs, a foreign investor shall be entitled to one or
7	more foreign investor entry permits as follows:
8	(a) one if the foreign investor is a sole
9	proprietorship; or
10	(b) one for each individual holder of a
11	substantial ownership interest in the foreign investor
12	if the foreign investor is any other kind of business
13	entity.
14	(6) Nothing in this chapter shall be interpreted to
15	require that a noncitizen have an entry permit if that
16	noncitizen is not otherwise required to have an entry
17	<pre>permit."</pre>
18	Section 7. Section 212 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code
19	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
20	No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:
21	"Section 212. Renewal and cancellation of entry
22	permits.
23	(1) An entry permit issued pursuant to section 211 of
24	this chapter, whether a foreign investor entry permit or
25	an entry nermit issued under the FWA shall be walid

1	upon its issuance [(or upon automatic renewal) for a
2	period equal to the period of validity of the EWA to
3	which the entry permit relates. and thereafter until
4	the sooner of:
5	(a) five years, or such shorter period as may be
6	prescribed in regulations by the immigration
7	authorities, after the date of its issuance;
8	(b) expiration, cancellation, or surrender of the
9	applicable Foreign Investment Permit or EWA; or
10	(c) cancellation of the entry permit as provided
11	in subsection (4) below.
12	(2) Solely for purposes of subsection (1)(b) above:
13	(a) a Foreign Investment Permit which is
14	renewable annually shall not be deemed to have expired
15	unless and until the official who issued the Foreign
16	Investment Permit has declared it to be expired and so
17	notified the immigration officials in writing; and
18	(b) an EWA shall not be deemed to have expired
19	unless and until the Foreign Investment Permit under
20	which it was issued is cancelled or deemed to have
21	expired.
22	(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) below, an
23	entry permit issued pursuant to section 211 of this
24	chapter shall be automatically renewed upon its
25	expiration.

1 [(2)] <u>(4)</u> An entry permit <u>issued pursuant to section</u> 2. 211 of this chapter may be cancelled, or its renewal may 3 be denied, by the immigration authorities only if: 4 (a) the required immigration fee, if any, is 5 unpaid; 6 (b) the person to whom the entry permit has been 7 issued is convicted by a court in the FSM of an offense in respect of which he or she has been sentenced to 8 9 imprisonment for a term of six months or more; or 10 (c) the entry permit, or the EWA to which the 11 entry permit relates, was obtained under false 12 pretenses; [or] 13 (d) the conduct of the person to whom the entry 14 permit has been issued constitutes a threat to the 15 security of the FSM. In this case an entry permit may be canceled only after receiving a recommendation of 16 17 cancellation from a committee appointed for this purpose and consisting of representatives from each of the 18 19 following: the immigration authorities, the applicable 20 State official responsible for foreign investment 21 regulation in the State, the [Attorney General of the] FSM Secretary of Justice, and the Department; 22 23 (e) the person to whom the entry permit has been 2.4 issued leaves the position the basis of which the entry permit was issued; 25

1	(f) the person to whom the entry permit has been
2	issued engages in employment outside the scope of the
3	employment specified by the relevant EWA, whether or not
4	the employment is with the foreign investor to whom the
5	EWA was issued; [other than that for which the entry
6	permit was issued without a proper permit; or]
7	(g) the person to whom the entry permit has been
8	issued is deported in accordance with law[$_{ extstyle au}$];
9	(h) the conditions for cancellation pursuant to
10	section 210(3) of this chapter are satisfied;
11	(i) the applicable Foreign Investment Permit is
12	<pre>canceled or surrendered; or</pre>
13	(j) it is required or permitted under subsection
14	(5) below.
15	(5) An entry permit issued pursuant to section 211 of
16	this chapter shall be canceled by the immigration
17	authorities if the official who issued the Foreign
18	Investment Permit to which the entry permit relates
19	makes a finding, concurred in the FSM Secretary of
20	Justice, that the holder of the permit is not engaged in
21	a bona fide attempt to commerce, operate, wind up, or
22	recommence any business to which the Foreign Investment
23	Permit relates. Such a finding shall be in writing,
24	signed by the FSM Secretary of Justice and the relevant
25	State or national official, and arrived at through

1 procedures which afforded the holder of the entry permit 2. notice and an opportunity to be heard by the relevant State or national official." 3 4 Section 8. Section 213 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 7 "Section 213. Reports by holders of FSM Foreign Investment Permits. 8 9 (1) The holder of any FSM Foreign Investment Permit 10 shall submit to the Secretary such reports concerning 11 the foreign investment as the Secretary may prescribe in 12 the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations. Details of the 13 information required, the reasons for the requirements, 14 and the frequency and form of such reports shall be set 15 forth in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations. (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 16 17 chapter, an FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall be automatically suspended for a failure to meet a 18 19 reporting deadline or a failure to include required 20 information in a report pursuant to subsection (1) of 21 this section. Any such suspension shall be effective 22 from the sixtieth day after the day on which the report or information is due unless, during the 60 grade 23 2.4 period, the holder of the Foreign Investment Permit 25 submits the requisite report or information or provides

1	a written explanation of the failure to do so that is
2	acceptable to the Secretary. The Secretary may move to
3	cancel the FSM Foreign Investment Permit in accordance
4	with section 209 of this chapter at any time after the
5	suspension becomes effective.
6	$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ Any change in foreign ownership of an
7	investment for which an FSM Foreign Investment Permit
8	has been issued which results in ownership of a
9	substantial ownership interest by a noncitizen who did
10	not previously own a substantial ownership interest
11	shall be reported immediately to the Secretary, who may
12	take such action as he or she considers appropriate in
13	respect of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit, including
14	its cancellation if appropriate under the provisions of
15	section 209(7) of this chapter."
16	Section 9. Title 32 of the Code of the Federated States of
17	Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby further
18	amended by adding a new section 215A to read as follows:
19	"Section 215A. Review of compliance by holders of FSM
20	Foreign Investment Permits.
21	(1) The Secretary shall undertake an annual review of
22	the compliance of each FSM Foreign Investment Permit
23	holder with the provisions of this chapter, the FSM
24	Foreign Investment Regulations and any conditions that
25	attach to the relevant Foreign Investment Permit.

1	(2) The Secretary shall prepare a written report in
2	respect of each review setting out his or her findings
3	(3) Any non-compliance identified during a review
4	conducted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section may
5	be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of this
6	<pre>chapter.</pre>
7	(4) The Secretary shall include aggregate information
8	on compliance in the annual publication required
9	pursuant to subsection 214(1) of this chapter."
10	Section 10. Section 216 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code
11	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
12	No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:
13	"Section 216. Compulsory acquisition of foreign
14	investment property.
15	(1) [The National Government guarantees that there]
16	There shall be no compulsory acquisition or
17	expropriation of the property of any [foreign
18	investment] business entity as to which a Foreign
19	Investment [Certificate] Permit has been issued, except
20	under the following circumstances:
21	(a) in order to apply sanctions for violation of
22	laws or regulations, as provided for in section 220 of
23	this chapter; or
24	(b) in extraordinary cases in which
25	(i) such compulsory acquisition or

1	expropriation is consistent with existing FSM law
2	governing eminent domain;
3	(ii) such compulsory acquisition or
4	expropriation is necessary to serve overriding national
5	interests and
6	(iii) the conditions of subsection (2) below
7	are met; or
8	(c) pursuant to generally applicable laws and
9	regulations of the FSM or any State.
10	(2) Compulsory acquisition or expropriation of a type
11	described in subsection (1)(b) above may be undertaken
12	only after:
13	(a) the National Congress has, following a
14	recommendation to this effect by the Secretary, taken
15	official action to identify in writing
16	(i) the property to be acquired or
17	expropriated and
18	(ii) the overriding national interests that
19	make such acquisition or expropriation necessary; and
20	(b) the Secretary has issued a notification to
21	any holder of a Foreign Investment Permit whose property
22	is to be acquired or expropriated, indicating
23	(i) what property is affected by the action;
24	(ii) what compensation will be paid for the
25	acquisition or expropriation of the property; and

1 (iii) what appeal or other forms of legal 2. recourse are available to the holder of the Foreign Investment Permit affected by the action. 3 4 (3) Payment of compensation pursuant to subsection 5 (2) (b) above shall be promptly made and adequate in 6 amount. 7 (4) The National Government shall not take action, or 8 permit action to be taken by any State or other entity 9 within the FSM] Neither the National Government nor nay 10 State Government nor any other entity within the FSM 11 shall take any action that, although not formally 12 designated or acknowledged as compulsory acquisition or expropriation, indirectly has the same injurious effect 13 14 ('creeping expropriation'). [If such action nevertheless takes place, the National Government shall 15 16 be responsible for the prompt and adequate compensation 17 of any injured noncitizen.] " Section 11. Section 217 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 18 19 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 20 21 "Section 217. Transfers of earnings and capital. 22 (1) The National Government guarantees that no holder 23 of a currently valid Foreign Investment Permit will be 24 subject to any restrictions on making <u>lawful</u> remittances 25 of profits and carrying out other <u>lawful</u> current

international transactions as defined in the Articles of
Agreement of the International Monetary Fund.

(2) The National Government guarantees that any holder of a currently valid Foreign Investment Permit will be permitted to lawfully repatriate any amount of capital that was brought into the FSM for, or that lawfully accrued on, a business entity to which such Permit applies[; provided, however, that prior notification must be given to the Secretary, in accordance with procedures that the Secretary may establish by regulation, of any capital repatriation in an amount exceeding \$50,000 or such higher amount as the Secretary may establish for this purpose]."

Section 12. Section 219 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 15 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law 16 No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 219. Non-discriminatory treatment. Subject to the provisions of this chapter and regulations promulgated hereunder, and subject further to the express provisions of any other statute applicable to specific business categories, the National Government shall not take action, or permit any State to take action, that would result in a foreign investor being given treatment that is less favorable than the treatment given to citizens, or business entities wholly

owned by citizens, engaging in business in the FSM."

Section 13. This act shall become law upon approval by the

President of the Federated States of Micronesia or upon its

becoming law without such approval.

Date: 9/19/20

Introduced by: /s/ Claude H. Phillip
for Simiram Sipenuk
(by request)

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